

Quick Guide to Coronavirus Related Absences

What to do if...	Action needed	Return to school
<p>My child has coronavirus symptoms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a high temperature – this means you feel hot to touch on your chest or back (you do not need to measure your temperature) • a new, continuous cough – this means coughing a lot for more than an hour, or 3 or more coughing episodes in 24 hours (if you usually have a cough, it may be worse than usual) • a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste – this means you've noticed you cannot smell or taste anything, or things smell or taste different to normal • https://www.nhs.uk/conditions/coronavirus-covid-19/symptoms/ 	<p>Do not come to school Child to self-isolate</p> <p>Book a COVID test immediately</p> <p>Inform the school as soon as you get the test result</p> <p>Stay in regular contact with the school</p>	<p>If the test result is negative and the child feels well and they no longer have symptoms, they can stop self-isolating.</p>
<p>My child tests positive for coronavirus</p>	<p>Do not come to school</p> <p>Inform the school immediately about the test result</p> <p>Self-isolate for at least 10 days</p> <p>Stay in regular contact with the school</p>	<p>They can return to school after 10 days even if they still have a cough or a loss of the sense of taste or smell. These symptoms can last for several weeks once infection is gone. If they continue to have a high temperature (over 37.8c) and they have diarrhoea or are vomiting they should stay at home until 48 hours after these symptoms stop.</p>
<p>Somebody in my household has coronavirus symptoms</p>	<p>Do not come to school Self-isolate for 14 days</p> <p>Stay in regular contact with the school Household member to get a test Inform the school immediately about the test result.</p>	<p>Stay at home for 14 days after the person in the household started experiencing symptoms. However, if there is a negative test result and the household member no longer has symptoms and the child has not developed symptoms they can return to school.</p>
<p>Somebody in my household has tested positive for coronavirus</p>	<p>Do not come to school Self-isolate for 14 days</p> <p>Inform the school immediately about the test result.</p>	<p>The child has completed 14 days of self-isolation</p>
<p>NHS Test and Trace Service has identified my child as a close contact of somebody with confirmed coronavirus</p>	<p>Do not come to school Self-isolate for 14 days Stay in regular contact with school</p>	<p>The child has completed 14 days of self-isolation</p>
<p>My child has travelled abroad and has to self-isolate as part of the quarantine process</p>	<p>Returning from a destination where quarantine is needed Do not come to school Self-isolate for 14 days Stay in regular contact with the school</p>	<p>When the quarantine period of 14 days has been completed.</p>
<p>Staff or pupils in my child's bubble have tested positive for COVID-19</p>	<p>The school will take advice from PHE Health Protection Team and your child may need to self-isolate and take a test.</p>	<p>When a negative test has been confirmed or the necessary isolation period has been completed</p>
<p>We have received medical advice that my child must resume shielding</p>	<p>Do not come to school Shield until you are informed that restrictions are lifted and shielding is paused again.</p>	<p>Inform the school that restrictions have been lifted and your child can return to school again.</p>
<p>My child is experiencing other symptoms, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Symptoms of a cold or sore throat • Congestion, or a runny nose • Chills • Muscle pain • Headache • Nausea or vomiting • Diarrhoea • Tiredness 	<p>Follow our normal procedures for sickness absence</p>	<p>Children return to school when they feel better.</p> <p>If your child has been vomiting or had diarrhoea they should stay at home until 48 hours after these symptoms stop.</p>

In all of the scenarios listed above attendance is authorised