

# 21/22: Year 11 Curriculum and Assessment Map

## Year 11 Subject Mathematics

**Year 11 GCSE Mathematics encourages the development of knowledge and understanding in Maths. The curriculum is designed to allow students the opportunity to:**

- Develop mathematical knowledge and conceptual understanding through the disciplines of Number, Algebra, Ratio and Proportion, Statistics and Geometry
- Develop an understanding of the nature, processes, and methods of Mathematics, through mathematical enquiries that help them to answer mathematical, computing, and scientific questions about the world around them
- Develop and learn to apply logical thinking, enquiry, and problem-solving skills in any field and in other learning environments
- Develop their ability to evaluate claims through critical analysis

**Catch-up Tutoring sessions will be provided from September for students who are most behind, supporting their understanding of core concepts/topic knowledge and deepening and developing their core knowledge and skills. From November, individual targeted intervention sessions will be provided to fill further specific needs and gaps and to refine skills required for their Maths GCSE exam.**

Intent	September - December		January - March		April - June	
	Implementation	<p><b>Content Descriptors</b></p> <p><u>Algebra (Aa) Review</u></p> <p><b>Aa</b> Distinguish the different roles played by letter symbols in algebra, using the correct notation</p> <p><b>Ab</b> Distinguish in meaning between the words 'equation', 'formula' and 'expression'</p> <p><b>Ac</b> Manipulate algebraic expressions by collecting like terms, by multiplying a single</p>	<p><b>Content Descriptors</b></p> <p><u>Geometry and Measures (GM)</u></p> <p><b>GMb</b> Understand and use the angle properties of triangles and quadrilaterals</p> <p><b>GMd</b> Recall the properties and definitions of special types of quadrilaterals, including square, rectangle, parallelogram, trapezium, kite and rhombus</p>	<p><b>Content Descriptors</b></p> <p><u>Numbers (Na) /Ratio</u></p> <p><b>Na</b> Add, subtract, multiply and divide any number</p> <p><b>Nh</b> Understand equivalent fractions, simplifying a fraction by canceling all common factors</p> <p><b>Ni</b> Add and subtract fractions</p> <p><b>Nq</b> Understand and use number operations and the relationships between them, including inverse operations and hierarchy of operations</p>	<p><b>Content Descriptors</b></p> <p><b>Ar</b> Construct linear functions from real-life problems and plot their corresponding graphs</p> <p><b>As</b> Discuss, plot and interpret graphs (which may be non-linear) modeling real situations</p> <p><b>At</b> Generate points and plot graphs of simple quadratic functions, and use these to find approximate solutions</p>	<p><b>Content Descriptors</b></p> <p><u>Geometry and Measures (GM)</u></p> <p><b>GMx</b> Calculate perimeters and areas of shapes made from triangles and rectangles</p> <p><b>GM z</b> Find circumferences and areas of circles</p> <p><b>GM g</b> Use Pythagoras' theorem in 2-D</p> <p><b>G20</b> know the formulae for: Pythagoras' theorem <math>a^2 + b^2 = c^2</math>, and the trigonometric ratios, <math>\sin \theta = \frac{\text{opposite}}{\text{hypotenuse}}</math>, <math>\cos \theta = \frac{\text{adjacent}}{\text{hypotenuse}}</math> and</p>

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<p>term over a bracket, and by taking out common factors</p> <p><b>Af</b> Derive a formula, substitute numbers into a formula</p> <p><b>Ad</b> Set up and solve simple equations</p> <p><b>Af</b> Substitute numbers into a formula and change the subject of a formula</p> <p><b>Ag</b> Solve linear inequalities in one variable, and represent the solution set on a number line</p> <p><b>Nm</b> Use percentage</p> <p><b>Nv</b> Use calculators effectively and efficiently</p> <p><b>Statistics and Probability (SP)</b></p> <p><b>SPn</b> Understand and use estimates or measures of probability from theoretical models (including equally likely</p>	<p><b>GMf</b> Understand congruence and similarity</p> <p><b>GMk</b> Use 2-D representations of 3-D shapes</p> <p><b>Gma</b> Calculate volumes of right prisms and shapes made from cubes and cuboids</p> <p><b>Geometry and Measures (GM)</b></p> <p><b>GMo</b> Interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments and recognise the inaccuracy of measurements</p> <p><b>GMp</b> Convert measurements from one unit to another</p> <p><b>GMq</b> Make sensible estimates of a range of measures</p> <p><b>GMs</b> Understand and use compound measures</p> <p><b>GMt</b> Measure and draw lines and angles</p>	<p><b>Nu</b> Approximate to specified or appropriate degrees of accuracy including a given power of ten, number of decimal places and significant figures</p> <p><b>Ni</b> Understand that 'percentage' means 'number of parts per 100' and use this to compare proportions</p> <p>No Interpret fractions, decimals and percentages as operators</p> <p><b>Np</b> Use ratio notation, including reduction to its simplest form and its various links to fraction notation</p> <p><b>Nt</b> Divide a quantity in a given ratio</p> <p><b>Au Direct and indirect proportion</b></p> <p><b>GMo Interpret scales on a range of measuring instruments and recognise the inaccuracy of measurements</b></p> <p><b>Na Calculate upper and</b></p>	<p><b>Ar Simultaneous and Quadratic Equations (Higher)</b></p> <p><b>Geometry and Measures (GM)</b></p> <p><b>GMv</b> Use straight edge and a pair of compasses to do constructions</p> <p><b>GMw</b> Construct loci</p> <p><b>GMm</b> Use and interpret maps and scale drawings</p> <p><b>GMr</b> Understand and use bearings</p> <p><b>Statistics and Probability (SP)</b></p> <p><b>SPg</b> Produce charts and diagrams for various data types</p> <p><b>SPi</b> Interpret a wide range of graphs and diagrams and draw conclusions</p> <p><b>SPk</b> Recognise correlation and draw and/or use lines of best fit by eye, understanding</p>	<p>tan <math>\theta</math> = opposite adjacent; apply them to find angles and lengths in right-angled</p> <p><b>AQ Quadratic and Linear Simultaneous Equations (Higher)</b></p> <p><b>AV Volume and Surface Area of Complex Shapes &amp; Advanced Trigonometry (Higher)</b></p>
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Impact	<p>outcomes), or from relative frequency</p> <p><b>SPo</b> List all outcomes for single events, and for two successive events, in a systematic way and derive relative probabilities</p> <p><b>SPp</b> Identify different mutually exclusive outcomes and know that the sum of the probabilities of all these outcomes is 1</p> <p><b>SPs</b> Compare experimental data and theoretical probabilities</p> <p><b>SPm</b> Understand and use the vocabulary of probability and probability scale</p>	<p><b>GMi</b> Distinguish between centre, radius, chord, diameter, circumference, tangent, arc, sector and segment</p>	<p><b>lower bounds (Higher)</b></p> <p><u>Algebra (AK) /Graph Review</u></p> <p><b>Ak</b> Use the conventions for coordinates in the plane and plot points in all four quadrants, including using geometric information</p> <p><b>Al</b> Recognise and plot equations that correspond to straight-line graphs in the coordinate plane, including finding gradients</p>	<p>what these represent</p>		
	<b>AP1</b>	<b>AP2</b>	<b>AP3</b>			
	<p><i>Winter Mock Exams</i></p> <p>GCSE Paper 1</p> <p>GCSE Paper 2</p>	<p><i>Spring 1 Core Mock</i></p> <p><i>Spring1 Diagnostic Assessment</i></p> <p>GCSE Paper 1</p> <p>GCSE Paper 2</p>	<p><i>Spring Mock Exams</i></p> <p><i>External Spring Exams</i></p> <p><i>NEAs</i></p> <p><i>GCSE Foundation/Higher</i></p> <p><i>Paper 1</i></p> <p><i>Paper2</i></p> <p><i>Paper3</i></p>	<p><i>External Summer National Exams</i></p> <p><i>Final GCSE Exam Edexcel</i></p> <p><b>GCSE Foundation/Higher</b></p> <p><b>May 20<sup>th</sup> Paper 1</b></p> <p><b>June 7<sup>th</sup> Paper2</b></p> <p><b>June 13<sup>th</sup> Paper3</b></p>		